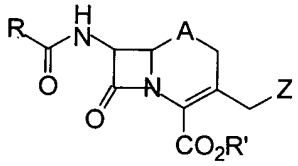
IN THE CLAIMS

Please enter claims 1-3, 5, 11, and 12 as rewritten below:

A1

1. (Currently amended) A compound having the general formula:



(I)

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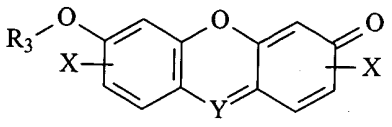
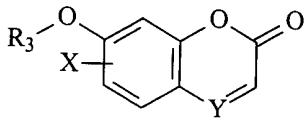
in which R is a benzyl, 2-thienylmethyl, or cyanomethyl group; R' is selected from the group consisting of H, physiologically acceptable salts or metal, ester groups, ammonium cations, $--CHR_2OCO(CH_2)_nCH_3$, $--CHR_2OCOC(CH_3)_3$, in which R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and lower alkyl, acylthiomethyl, acyloxy-alpha-benzyl, deltabutyrolactonyl, methoxycarbonyloxymethyl, phenyl, methylsulphinylmethyl, β-morpholinoethyl, dialkylaminoethyl, and dialkylaminocarbonyloxymethyl[, in which R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and lower alkyl]; A is selected from the group consisting of S, O, SO, SO_2 and CH_2 ; and Z is a donor fluorescent moiety.

2. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein the donor fluorescent moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

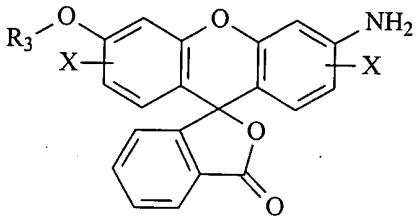
Cont A1



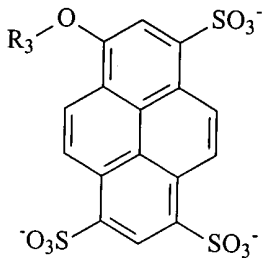
(II)



(III)



(IV)



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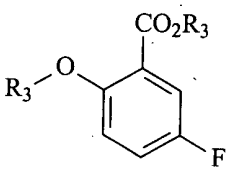

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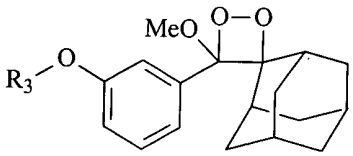
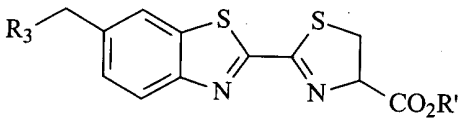


(VII)



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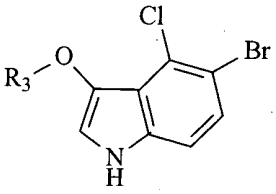
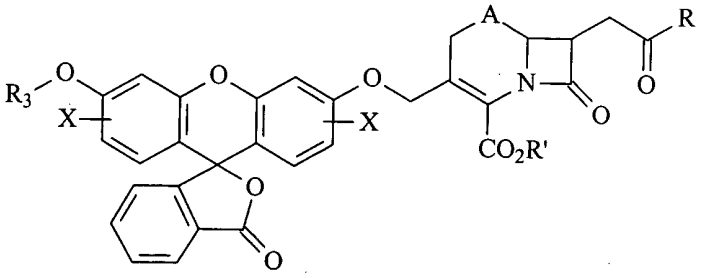
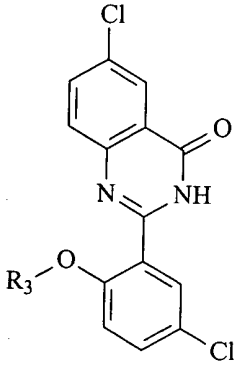


(IX)



(X)

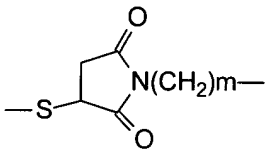


(XI)

Cont #1

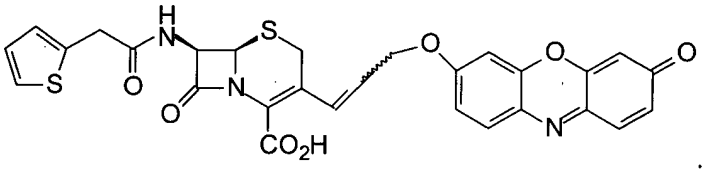
R_3 is a linker for the fluorescent donor, X is H or lower alkyl, and Y is N or O.

3. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond to a heteroatom in the fluorescent moiety, --$O(CH_2)_n$--, --$S(CH_2)_n$--, --$NR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --N^+R_2 $(CH_2)_n$, --$OCONR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --$O_2C(CH_2)_n$--, --$SCSNR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --$SCSO(CH_2)_n$--, --$S(CH_2)_nCONR_2(CH_2)_m$, --$S(CH_2)_nNR_2CO(CH_2)_m$, and



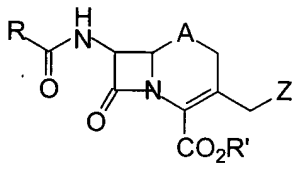
in which R_2[, n and m are] is as previously defined; and m and n are each independently [is an] integers from 0 to 4.

4. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound has the structure:



5. (Currently amended) A method for detecting the presence of β-lactamase activity in a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with at least one compound of general formula I:



(I)

in which R is a benzyl, 2-thienylmethyl, or cyanomethyl group, or a quencher; R' is selected from the group consisting of H, physiologically acceptable salts or metal, ester groups, ammonium cations, --$CHR_2OCO(CH_2)_nCH_3$, --$CHR_2OCOC(CH_3)_3$, in which R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and lower alkyl, acylthiomethyl, acyloxy-alpha-benzyl, deltabutyrolactonyl, methoxycarbonyloxymethyl, phenyl, methylsulphinylmethyl, β-morpholinoethyl, dialkylaminoethyl, and dialkylaminocarbonyloxymethyl[, in which R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and lower alkyl]; A is selected from the group consisting of S, O, SO, SO_2 and CH_2 ; and Z is a donor fluorescent moiety.

6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein said sample has a β-lactamase reporter gene.

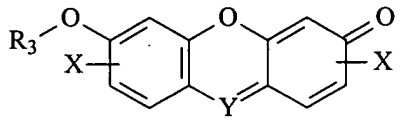
7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said β-lactamase reporter gene is in a mammalian cell.

8. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein samples having β-lactamase activity are separated from samples having no β-lactamase activity by fluorescent-activated cell sorting.

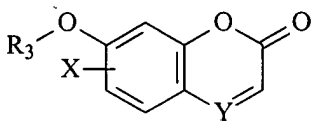
9. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the β-lactamase activity results from a β-lactamase enzyme that was prepared by mutagenesis of another β-lactamase enzyme.

10. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein said compound is a membrane permeant derivative.

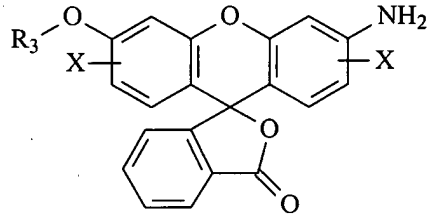
11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein the donor fluorescent moiety is selected from the group consisting of:



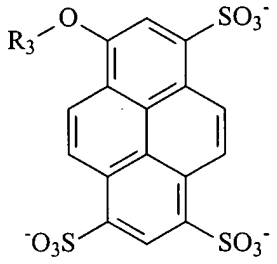
(II)



(III)



(IV)



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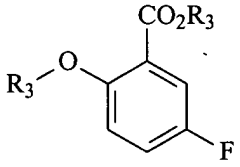

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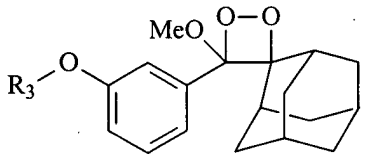
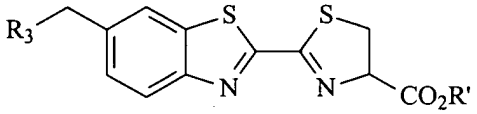
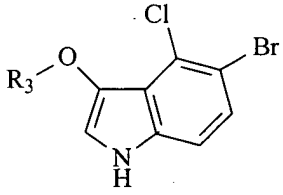


(VII)



(VIII)



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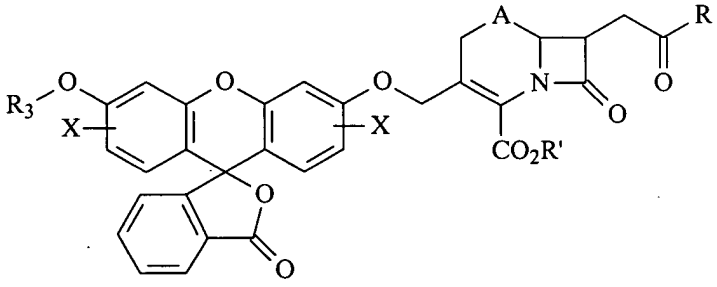
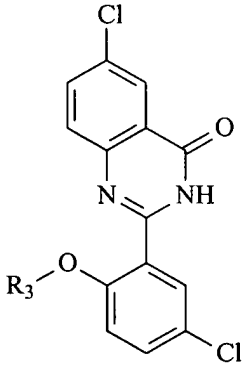


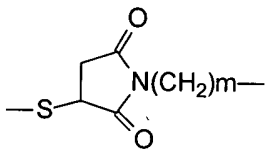
(X)



(XI)

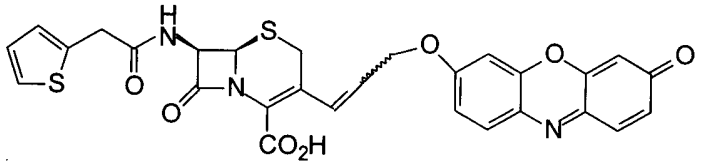
R_3 is a linker for the fluorescent donor, X is H or lower alkyl, and Y is N or O.

12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond to a heteroatom in the fluorescent moiety, --$O(CH_2)_n$--, --$S(CH_2)_n$--, --$NR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --$N^+R_2(CH_2)_n$, --$OCONR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --$O_2C(CH_2)_n$--, --$SCSNR_2(CH_2)_n$--, --$SCSO(CH_2)_n$--, --$S(CH_2)_nCONR_2(CH_2)_m$, --$S(CH_2)_nNR_2CO(CH_2)_m$, and



in which R_2[, n and m are] is as previously defined; and m and n are each independently [is an] integers from 0 to 4.

13. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the compound has the structure:



14. (Original) A method for determining whether a compound of claim 1 is a substrate for a β-lactamase enzyme, comprising: contacting said compound with a sample containing said β-lactamase enzyme; exciting at the wavelength for the said compound when cleaved; and measuring fluorescence.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said compound is a membrane permeant derivative.

Cont A1

16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said β-lactamase enzyme has been prepared by mutagenesis of another β-lactamase enzyme.